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Qualcomm

## Continual Personalization for Diffusion Models

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# Continual Personalization

- Learn multiple concepts within a single model **without extra module**.
  - Capable of combining multiple concepts in a single image.
- Personalize each concept in **a sequential and never-ending manner**.
  - Being able to dynamically add new concepts without extra operation.

Input tasks



dog



lighthouse



colored pencil



hat



park



horse



dog



<new2> lighthouse in the snow.



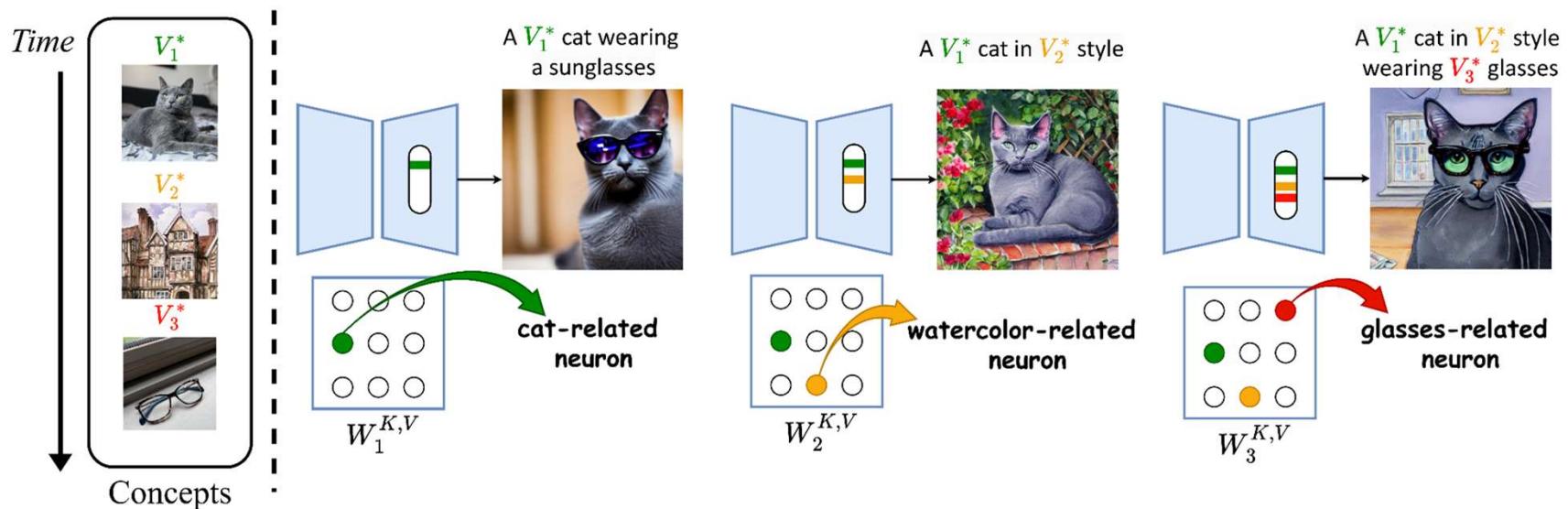
A <new6> horse in <new3> style



A <new1> dog wearing a <new4> hat in <new5> park in <new3> style

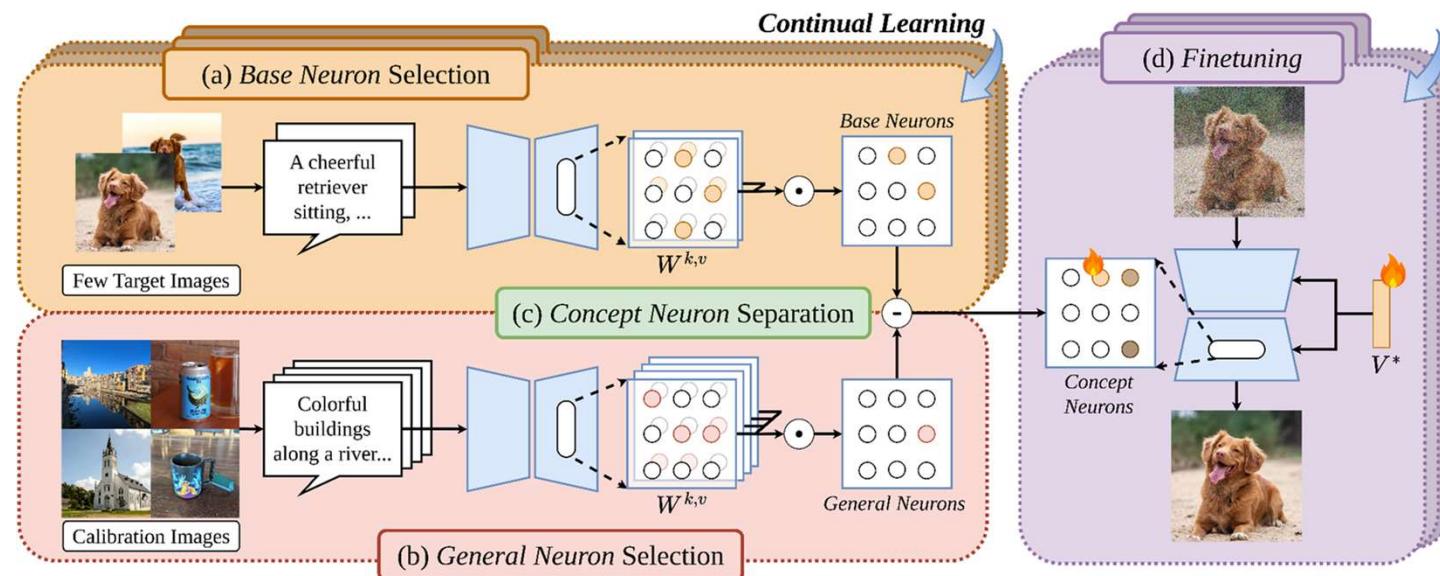
# Problem Settings

- **Find concept-related neurons** for each concept as training target.
  - We aim to find **disjoint neurons** for each concept.
- Consider several user-provided concepts (1-6 images per concept).



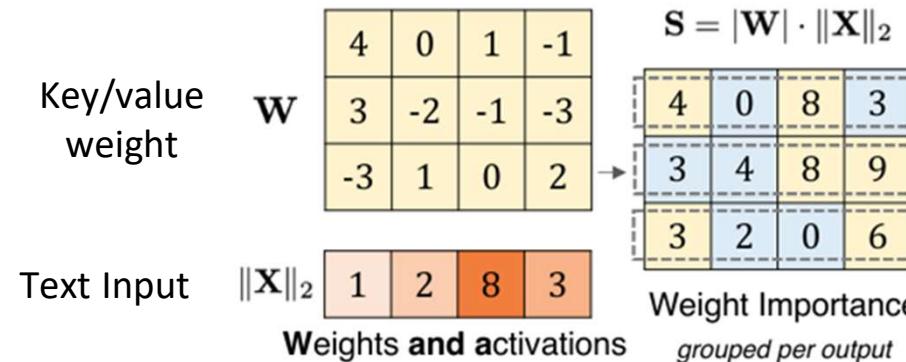
# Methods - Overview

- Classify neurons to different categories.
- Find **Concept neurons** by excluding **General neurons** from **Base neurons**.
  - Finetune different **Concept neurons** for different concepts to prevent forgetting.



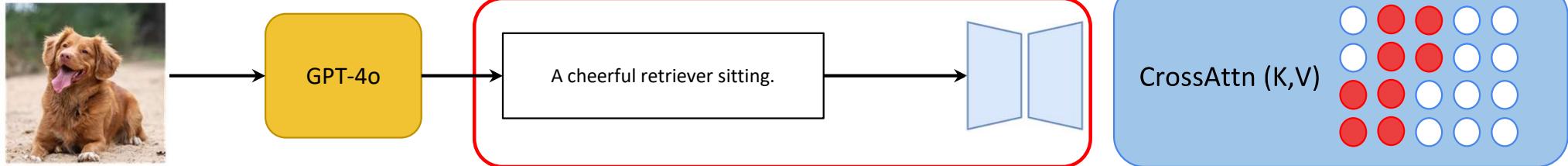
# Methods - Scoring Each Neurons

- Tuning the specific **Key/Value neurons** in CrossAttn only.
  - Which handle the text information in diffusion model.
- Finding which neurons contribute to the generation.
  - Assign **important score** for all neurons with **Wanda**<sup>[1]</sup>.
  - Pick high-scoring neurons as **Base neurons**.



[1] [A Simple and Effective Pruning Approach for Large Language Models](#)

## Target Image Set

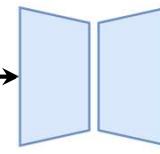


## Target Image Set

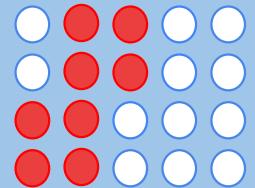


GPT-4o

A cheerful retriever sitting.



CrossAttn (K,V)

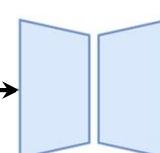


and

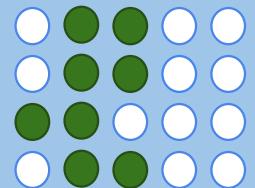


GPT-4o

A retriever relaxes in a forest, its eyes alert and tongue slightly out



CrossAttn (K,V)

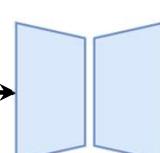


⋮

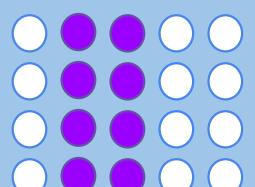


GPT-4o

A retriever is running in the ocean.



CrossAttn (K,V)



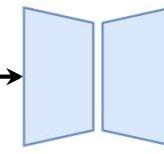
and

## Target Image Set

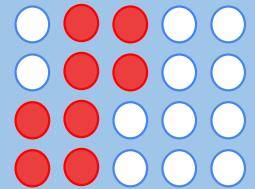


GPT-4o

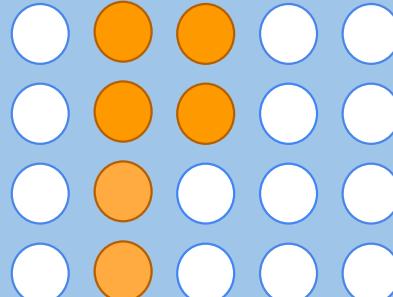
A cheerful retriever sitting.



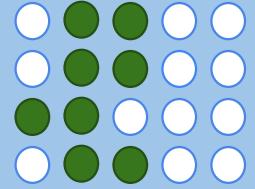
CrossAttn (K,V)



CrossAttn (K,V)  
*(General neurons*  
+  
*“dog” Concept neurons)*

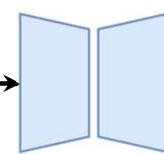


CrossAttn (K,V)

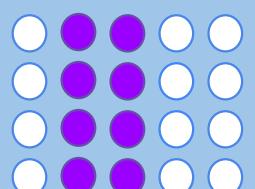


GPT-4o

A retriever is running in the ocean.



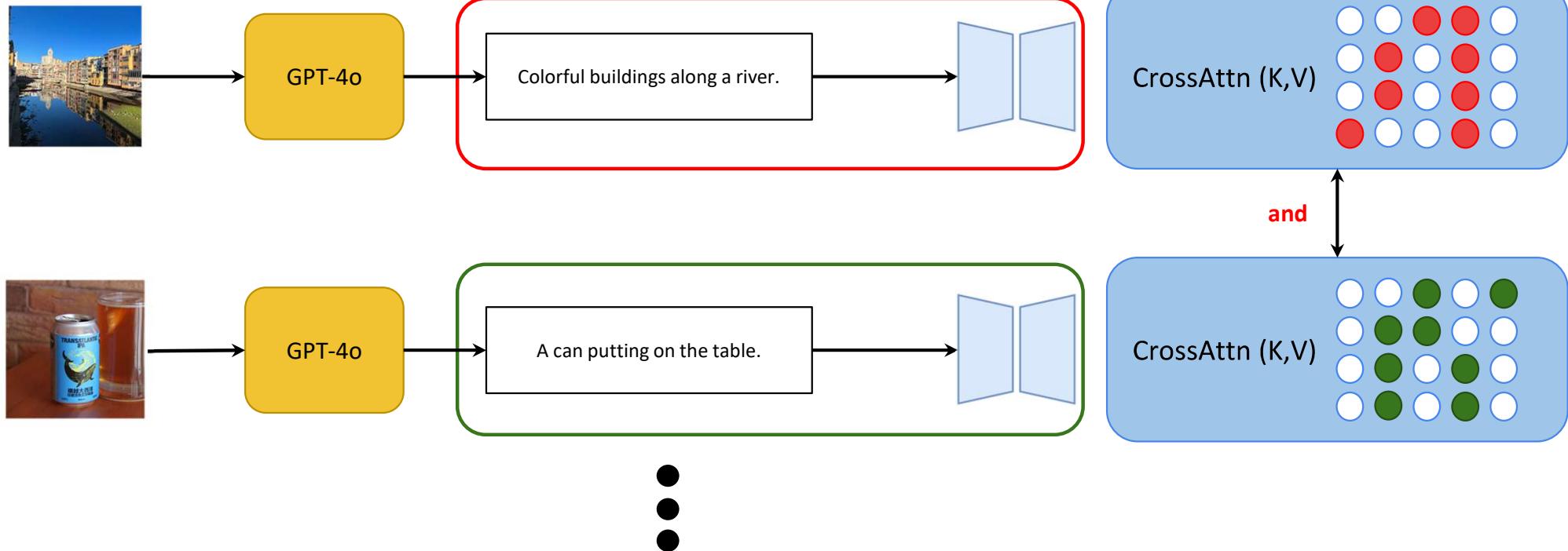
CrossAttn (K,V)



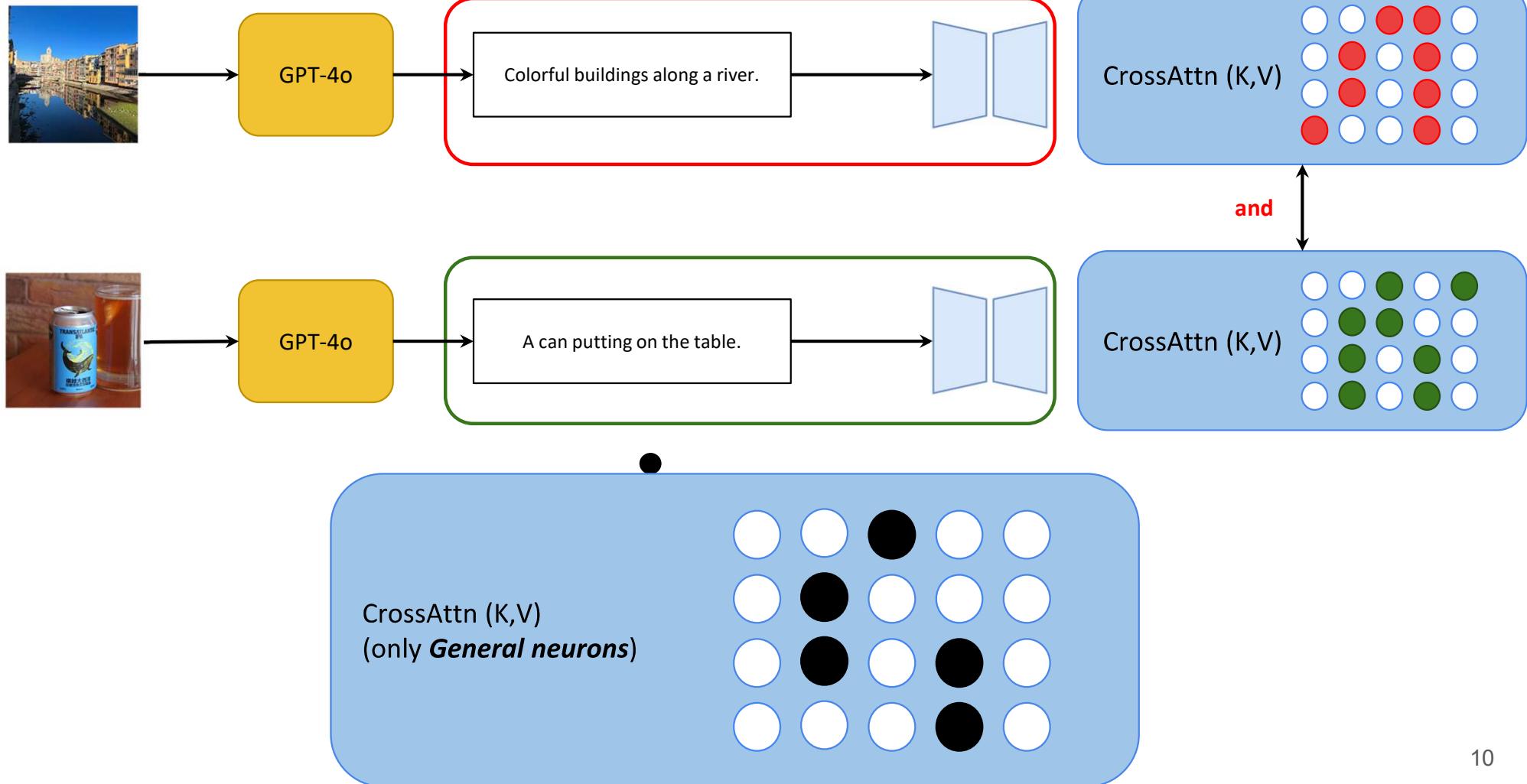
and

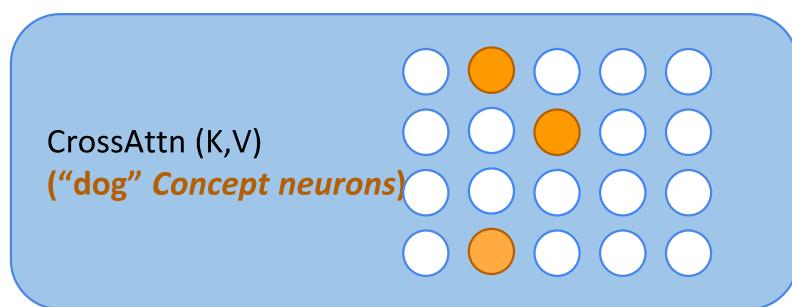
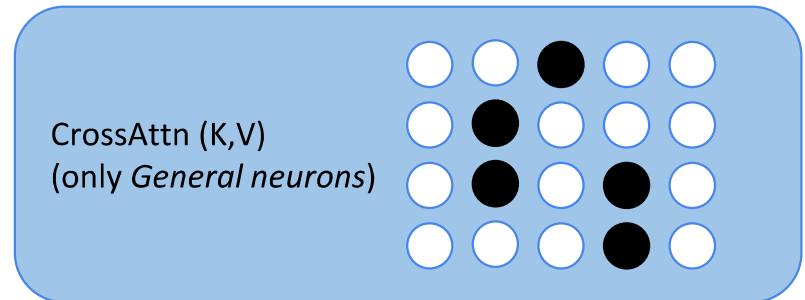
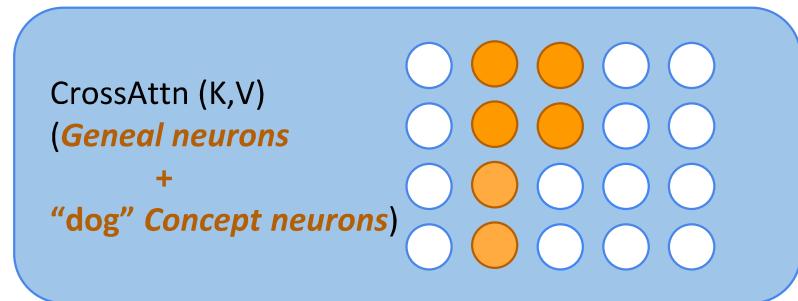
and

## Calibration Image Set



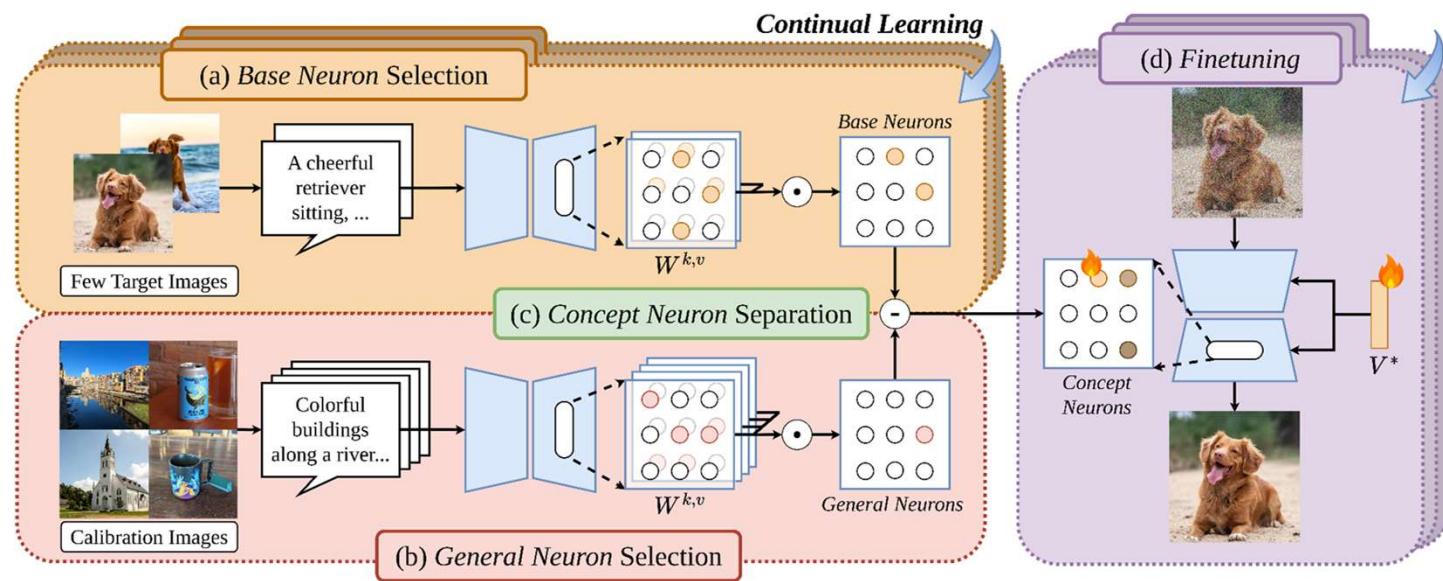
## Calibration Image Set





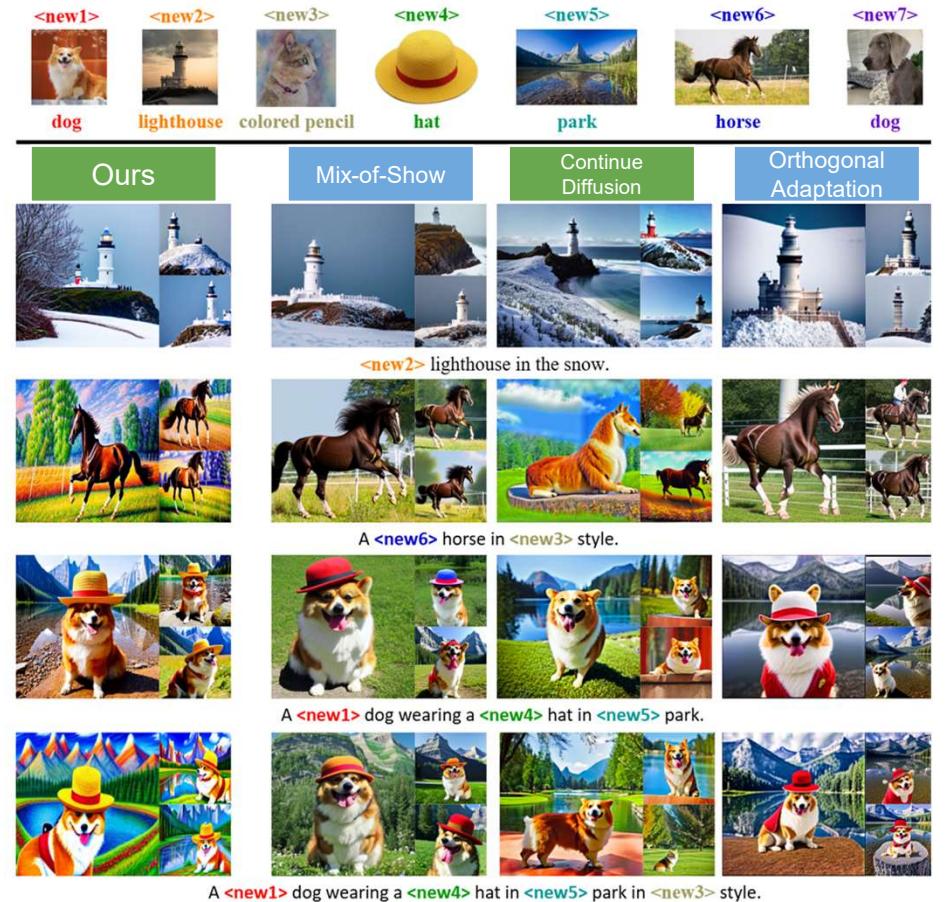
# Methods - Overview

- Find **Concept neurons** by excluding **General neurons** from **Base neurons**.
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# Experiments - Qualitative Result

- For **continuously learning method**
  - Continuously learned 7 concepts.
- For **multiple concepts learned method**
  - Each concept learn a LoRA, and combined all 7 LoRAs.



# Experiment - Quantitative Result

Methods	Single Concept		Multiple Concepts		Computational Resources	
	CLIP-I↑	CLIP-T↑	CLIP-I↑	CLIP-T↑	Memory(MB)↓	Time(s)↓
Textual Inversion [11]	72.76	72.69	65.30	65.00	<b>0 / 0</b>	<b>0</b>
Custom Diffusion [18]	67.88	74.92	65.87	68.70	3547 / <b>0</b>	10
Mix-of-Show [13]	<b>75.86</b>	75.75	65.26	70.62	62852 / <b>0</b>	727
Orthogonal Adaption [27]	74.67	74.87	66.37	69.20	5663 / 3167	42
Continual Diffusion [32]	71.82	66.12	66.15	60.30	2461 / 4747	10
CNS	74.88	<b>76.95</b>	<b>67.21</b>	<b>79.22</b>	<b>0 / 0</b>	<b>0</b>

Evaluation metrics - *CLIP-I* and *CLIP-T* for the performance of the method,  
cost of *Memory* and *Time* for the efficiency of the method.

**Thanks for your attention!**